

SUMMARY

The formulation of the FY 16 budget was approached in the context of ensuring that Cooper Union maintains necessary operating liquidity (cash and investments) until we reach a point where operations provide positive net cash flow. The enclosed analysis (pages 8 and 9) shows that our operations can become net cash positive in FY 19, primarily based on (1) the scheduled step up in the Chrysler Building rent on January 1, 2018 and (2) the continuation of undergraduate tuition with a minimum 50% scholarship, which will provide \$8.3 million of net undergraduate tuition revenue in FY 19. This analysis also shows that we will be able to maintain enough operating liquidity between now and then. However, the FY 20 projection shows us returning to an operating loss due to leveling off of both the Chrysler Building lease income and tuition revenues while expenses continue to increase.

The conclusions above are based on the starting point of our unrestricted liquid net assets at June 30, 2015 (page 5), the FY 16 budget, and financial projections for FY 17, 18, 19 and 20. The FY 16 budget and future projections include conservative projections of undergraduate enrollment, no projection of net revenue from new programs, and known expense increases, such as debt service and union salaries. The projections also include annual 2.0% increases in non-personnel costs and a planned \$3 million expense reduction to be implemented in FY 17 and FY 18.

These future projections are not meant to be a plan. Rather, they take a conservative view of future revenues and expenses in order to assess our liquidity and cash flows while maintaining the existing level of academic operations.

Analyses

The following analyses are provided at the end of this narrative:

- A disaggregated balance sheet as of June 30, 2015 showing, among other things, unrestricted liquid net assets (page 5)
- Undergraduate enrollment projections through FY 20 (pages 6 and 7)
- An analysis showing the FY 16 budget and financial projections for FY 17, 18, 19 and 20 (pages 8 and 9)
- Each analysis is explained below.

Disaggregated Balance Sheet (page 5)

The balance sheet presented in the audited financial statements shows assets and liabilities in total and not broken down between the unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted categories used for net assets and used in the statement of activities. It is important for liquidity planning purposes to understand the amount of net assets that are liquid and available for unrestricted purposes. Accordingly, the June 30, 2015 balance sheet has been broken down, or disaggregated, into unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted categories and the unrestricted.



category has been further broken down into liquid and illiquid categories. It should be noted that the \$630 million shown for Investments under "True Temp" is attributable to the value of the Chrysler Building ground lease, which is effectively illiquid and could not be realized through sale without resulting in a loss of the \$20 million in annual revenues from the Chrysler Building tax equivalency payments.

Based on this analysis, at June 30, 2015, unrestricted liquid net assets totaled \$49.1 million, which was entirely generated from the \$50.9 million net proceeds from the August 2014 financing against the 51 Astor Place tax equivalency payments. This \$49.1 million serves as the starting place for the review of liquidity through FY 20 (see FY 16 Budget & Financial Projections below).

Undergraduate enrollment projections through FY 20 (pages 6 and 7)

This enrollment analysis is only of existing undergraduate programs and does not address possible new programs. The CDG model, used to develop the April 2013 Board-approved Tuition Plan, had the following new student enrollments for future years: Art–83, Architecture–39, and Engineering–149, for a total of 271 new students per year. These assumptions were carried forward by Huron when creating the June 2014 Financial Sustainability Plan. Below are the results and projections for annual new student enrollment included in the current analysis, as compared to the Tuition Plan and FSP assumptions:

	Used in Tuition Plan & FSP	Used in Current Analysis					
		FY 15	FY 16	FY 17–20			
Art	83	67	69	73			
Architecture	39	24	32	36			
Engineering	149	145	154	128			
Total	271	236	255	237			

We have determined that the annual new enrollments contained in the Tuition Plan and the FSP would not be consistent with maintaining our cohort pedagogy and, likely, could not be accommodated within our existing space constraints. The revised future enrollment projections have therefore been adjusted accordingly. By FY 20, the lower enrollment targets project total undergraduate enrollment at 90 less than the Tuition Plan/FSP models, which, at the \$10,000 expected FY 20 net tuition per student, would generate \$900,000 per year (i.e. volume variance) less in tuition revenue than the Tuition Plan/FSP models.

In FY 20, the current analysis estimates net tuition revenue at \$3.4 million less than the net tuition revenue shown in the Tuition Plan/FSP. Above we identified approximately \$900,000 as being attributable to fewer students (volume variance). The remaining difference of \$2,500,000 is attributable to a price variance - we are currently estimating a 78.3% tuition discount in FY 20 as compared to a 72.3% tuition discount rate for FY 20 in the Tuition Plan/FSP. The Tuition Plan/FSP projected \$12,700 net tuition per student in FY 20 versus the current projection of \$10,000.



The lower net tuition pricing in the current analysis reflects concerns about the ability to achieve the same high level of student quality if we increase to the net tuition pricing shown in the Tuition Plan/FSP. It also reflects the fact that approximately 25% of our students are Pell-eligible and thus receive a full tuition scholarship, leaving the remaining paying students (75% of the population) to pay approximately \$13,300 net tuition by FY 20, which is a 71.0% tuition discount for those paying some tuition. Maintaining higher overall tuition discounts for planning purposes also means we have less ground to cover in any plan to return to a full-tuition scholarship.

The net tuition revenue figures in this document are carried forward into the budget analysis discussed below.

FY 16 Budget & Financial Projections (pages 8 and 9)

Overarching Goals

The analysis of unrestricted liquid net assets, the undergraduate enrollment projections, and the FY 16 budget and future projections are designed to work together in support of the following goals:

- 1. Ensure that Cooper Union has enough unrestricted liquid net assets to fund operations until we become net cash positive in FY 19.
- 2. Provide a basis for short and medium-term financial and operational planning. This allows us to understand the future financial challenges facing us and to make adjustments to meet those challenges.
- 3. Support the work of the Free Education Committee.

Document Structure

This document takes a linear approach moving from left to right across the page. It starts with (1) the FY 16 budget; then (2) it shows projected revenue and expense changes that will take place between FY 16 and FY 17, which are then added to or subtracted from the FY 16 budget to create the FY 17 projections; and then (3) similar roll forwards are then presented for FY 18, 19 and 20. Also included in this analysis, at the bottom of page 9, is the effect on unrestricted liquid net assets of the FY 16 budget and financial projections, which answered Goal 1 by showing that we will have enough unrestricted liquid net assets to fund operations until we become net cash positive in FY 19.

Projections

The projections for FY 17 through 20 are fairly skeletal, but conservative in that they do not anticipate increased real estate revenue other than from the Chrysler Building step up that affects both FY 18 and 19. The undergraduate tuition amounts are included as per the enrollment projections discussed above. There are no projected revenues from new programs. Union and non-union salary increases and benefit increases are provided for. A 2.0% annual increase is provided for non-personnel expenses. Lastly, debt service is stepped up in FY 19 and FY 20 reflecting the scheduled principal amortization payments on the Met Life Ioan.



Debt service will remain at that level until FY 25 when the bridge loan principal payments begin, which will increase the annual bridge loan debt service from \$2.7 million in FY 24 to \$4.8 million in FY 33.

Recommendation

Based on recommendations by management and the Finance Committee, at the December 2015 meeting, the Board of Trustees mandated that \$3.0 million in expenses be cut (on a sustainable basis, rather than one-time savings from, for example, leaving positions vacant) between FY 17 and FY 18 in order to ensure that we have net positive cash flow in FY 19 and to establish a reduced cost base for FY 20 and beyond. As it currently stands, FY 20 is projected to have a \$700,000 loss even with the \$3.0 million in expense cuts. Accordingly, it is likely that another \$700,000 in cuts will need to be implemented in FY 20.

Risks

There are risks inherent in any financial projection and the operations underlying those projections. Our risks include:

- The ability to cut expenses by a total of \$3.0 million (5.2% of FY 16 expenses, excluding debt service and capital expenditures) on a sustainable basis in FY 17 and FY 18 and then by another \$700,000 in FY 20 without harming the academic programs.
- Working with the three unions to revise our health care coverage in order to (i) reduce the current level of benefit expenses (currently \$10.53 million or 18.3% of FY 16 expenses, excluding debt service and capital expenditures) and (ii) mitigate the effect of the so-called "Cadillac Tax" in 2020 (recently extended from 2018), which effect is not included in the projections.
- The projections assume that the additional Chrysler Building rent in FY 18 and thereafter is fully collectible.
- The ability to continue to admit future classes of exceptional quality students (i.e. maintaining or improving existing student quality) at planned enrollment levels while effecting the assumed increases in the net tuition paid by those students.

Free Education Committee

The future projections are the base from which the Free Education Committee can work. The enrollment is set at "historic levels", which goal is required by the consent decree. After cutting expenses by \$3.0 million in FY 17 and FY 18 and then by another \$700,000 in FY 20, Cooper Union will break even in FY 20; but that assumes \$8.4 million of undergraduate net tuition revenue in the FY 20 projection. Thus, we are reminded that it will take at least \$12 million of new non-tuition revenue or expense cuts (\$3.0 million + \$0.7 million + \$8.4 million = \$12.1 million) between now and FY 20 in order to return to the full tuition scholarship model in FY 20. Since the Chrysler lease payments are flat for ten years, we would need additional revenue or expense cuts beyond FY 20 to cover salary, non-personnel, and debt service increases in order to maintain the full-tuition scholarship model. Accordingly, with these additional required revenue needs or expense cuts beyond FY 20, the structural deficit to overcome will be closer to \$15 million to ensure future financial sustainability without charging undergraduate tuition.

DISAGGREGATED BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

		Unrestricted	1		Temporari				
					Charitable Remainder	Endowment		Permanently	
	Liquid	Illiquid	Total	True Temp	Trusts	Appreciation	Total	Restricted	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,916,	291 \$	- \$ 7,916,29	- 1 1	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 21,805,505	\$ 29,721,796
Contributions receivable	2,970	245	- 2,970,24	5 319,304			319,304		3,289,549
Other receivables	1,129,	741	- 1,129,74	1			-		1,129,741
(Due to) / Due from	(4,783)	802)	- (4,783,80	2) 8,035,265	-	31,792,253	39,827,518	(35,043,716)	-
Investments	50,884,	306 2,880,0	53,764,30	630,000,000	7,922,818	-	637,922,818	89,349,704	781,036,828
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,301,	262 16,228,	654 19,529,91	.6			-		19,529,916
Loans to students		- 452,4	483 452,48	3		he future Chrysler Build	ling lease payments		452,483
Plan assets, net		- 168,127,	511 168,127,51	1	is \$630 million, which	is an illiquid asset.			168,127,511
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 61,418,	043 \$ 187,688,	648 \$ 249,106,69	\$ 638,354,569	\$ 7,922,818	\$ 31,792,253	\$ 678,069,640	\$ 76,111,493	\$ 1,003,287,824
LIABILITIES	ć 5.404	7c0 ¢ 0c0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¢.	<i>k</i>	¢ (464.750)	<i>k</i>	¢ 6 406 040
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 5,481,	. ,		, ,	\$-	\$ -	\$ (164,750)	\$-	\$ 6,186,019
Accrued interest	2,094,	898	- 2,094,89	18			-	-	2,094,898
Liability under charitable trust and				_					
annuity agreements		- 1,072,-	, ,		4,633,320		4,633,320	-	5,705,799
Accrued postretirement benefit costs		- 27,805,					-	-	27,805,846
Deferred revenue	4,769,						-	-	105,515,620
Long-term debt		- 233,760,				<u> </u>	-		233,760,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 12,346,	195 \$ 364,253,4	417 \$ 376,599,61	2 \$ (164,750)	\$ 4,633,320	Ş -	\$ 4,468,570	Ş -	\$ 381,068,182
NET ASSETS PER GL	\$ 49,071,	848 \$ (176,564,	769) \$ (127,492,92	1) \$ 638,519,319	\$ 3,289,498	\$ 31,792,253	\$ 673,601,070	\$ 76,111,493	\$ 622,219,642
NET ASSETS PER AFS	Ş 45,071,	040 9 (170,504,	\$ (127,492,92		Ş 3,203, 4 30	\$ 51,752,255	\$ 673,601,070	\$ 76,111,493	\$ 622,219,642
DIFFERENCE	Unrestricted liquid n	et assets	ې (۱۲۲,492,92 د	. 1 /			\$ 073,001,070 \$	\$ 70,111,495 \$	\$ 022,219,042
DIFFERENCE				-			- ب	- ب	<i></i>

UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

								E	XISTING PROGRAM	IS					
		Initial Enrollment by Program							Enrollment & Revenue by Fiscal Year						
					nginee										
Entering Class	Art	Arch	ChemE	Civil	Elec	MechE	Total	Total	FY 15	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 20	
Fall 2014	67	24	32	35	39	39	145	236	236	212	197	187	19		
Spring									231	205	192	187	19		
Fall 2015	66	29	37	37	38	38	150	245		245	221	206	196	23	
Transfers	3	3					4	10		10	9	8	2		
Spring										242	222	209	198	23	
Fall 2016	65	32	32	32	32	32	128	225			225	203	189	180	
Transfers	8	4						12			12	11	10	3	
Spring											225	207	194	183	
Fall 2017	65	32	32	32	32	32	128	225				225	203	189	
Transfers	8	4						12				12	11	10	
Spring												225	207	194	
Fall 2018	65	32	32	32	32	32	128	225					225	203	
Transfers	8	4						12					12	11	
Spring													225	207	
Fall 2019	65	32	32	32	32	32	128	225						225	
Transfers	8	4						12						12	
Spring														225	
			Avera	nge FT	E for E	Budgetin	g (50% scl	holarship)	234	457	652	840	855	844	
	E	nrollmen	t per the F	inanc	ial Su	stainabili	ty Plan (J	une 2014)	252	501	709	906	934	934	
	Gross Tuition per Student (50% scholarship)					holarship)	\$39,600	\$40,800	\$42,000	\$43,250	\$44,550	\$45,890			
					-		-								
				Tota	al Gro	ss Tuitio	n (50% scl	nolarship)	\$ 9,253,200	\$ 18,645,600	\$ 27,384,000	\$ 36,330,000	\$ 38,090,250	\$ 38,731,160	
						100% So	cholarship	students	599	403	200	0	0	0	

UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

EXISTING PROGRAMS											
	Initial Enrollment by Program	Enrollment & Revenue by Fiscal Year									
	Engineering										
Entering Class	Art Arch ChemE Civil Elec MechE Total Total	FY 15	FY 16FY	<u>FY 18</u>	FY 19	FY 20					
	Scholarships										
	50% scholarship	\$ (7,545,993)	\$ (14,740,504) \$ (21,5	523,752) \$ (28,430,284)	\$ (29,807,779)	\$(30,309,327)					
	100% scholarship	\$ (23,966,876)	\$ (16,641,400) \$ (8,4	496,000) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
	Total	\$ (31,512,869)	\$ (31,381,904) \$ (30,0	019,752) \$ (28,430,284)	\$ (29,807,779)	\$(30,309,327)					
	Net Tuition										
	50% scholarship	\$ 1,707,207	\$ 3,905,096 \$ 5,8	860,248 \$ 7,899,716	\$ 8,282,471	\$ 8,421,833					
	100% scholarship	\$ (226,310)		(96,000) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
	Total	\$ 1,480,897	\$ 3,712,096 \$ 5,	764,248 \$ 7,899,716	\$ 8,282,471	\$ 8,421,833					
	Net Tuition per the Financial Sustainability Plan (June 2014)	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 4,056,000 \$ 6,3	797,000 \$ 9,557,000	\$ 11,229,000	\$ 11,863,000					
	Tuition Discount Percentage for 50% Scholarship Students	81.55%	79.06% 78.	60% 78.26%	78.26%	78.26%					
	Average Net Tuition per 50% Scholarship Student	\$7,296	\$8,545 \$8,	988 \$9,404	\$9,687	\$9,978					

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FY 16 BUDGET AND PROJECTIONS FOR FY 17 THROUGH 20 **REVENUE**

	FY 16	FY 17 Projection	FY 18 Projection	FY 19 Projection	FY 20 Projection
	Budget	Salary Additions Projection Increases (Reductions)	Salary Additions Projection Increases (Reductions)	Salary Additions Projection	Salary Additions Projection Increases (Reductions)
Real Estate Chrysler Building - Base Rent Chrysler Building - Revenue Sharing Chrysler Building - Tax Equivalency 26 Astor Place - Tax Equivalency 51 Astor Place - Tax Equivalency 41 Cooper Square - Retail Rent Astor Place Holding Corporation Total Real Estate	\$ 7,750,000 1,700,000 20,325,380 1,237,313 2,649,891 179,383 1,221,000 \$ 35,062,967	\$ - \$ - \$ 7,750,000 1,700,000 20,325,380 1,237,313 2,649,891 179,383 1,221,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 35,062,967	\$ - \$ 12,375,000 \$ 20,125,000 (850,000) 850,000 20,325,380 1,237,313 2,649,891 179,383 .2,249,891 179,383 1,221,000 \$ - \$ 11,525,000 \$ 46,587,967	\$ - \$ 12,375,000 \$ 32,500,000 (850,000) - 20,325,380 1,237,313 2,649,891 179,383 1,221,000 \$ - \$ 11,525,000 \$ 58,112,967	\$ - \$ 32,500,000 - 20,325,380 1,237,313 2,649,891 179,383 - 2,649,891 179,383 1,221,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 58,112,967
Tuition & Fees	\$ 33,002,907	φ - φ - φ 33,002,907	φ - φ 11,525,000 φ +0,567,907	φ - φ 11,323,000 φ 36,112,307	φ - φ - φ 30,112,307
Undergraduate Tuition Revenue, Gross 100% Scholarship 50% scholarship Total Undergraduate Tuition Revenue, Gross	\$ 16,448,400 18,645,600 \$ 35,094,000	\$ (8,048,400) \$ 8,400,000 8,738,400 27,384,000 \$ - \$ 690,000 \$ 35,784,000	\$ (8,400,000) \$ - \$ 8,946,000 36,330,000 \$ \$ - \$ 546,000 \$ 36,330,000	\$ 1,760,250 \$ 38,090,250 \$ - \$ 1,760,250 \$ 38,090,250	\$ 640,910 \$ 38,731,160 \$ - \$ 640,910 \$ 38,731,160
Scholarships 100% Scholarship 50% Scholarship Total Scholarships Undergraduate Tuition Revenue, Net	\$ (16,641,400) (14,740,504) (31,381,904) 3,712,096	\$ 8,145,400 \$ (8,496,000) (6,783,248) (21,523,752) \$ - 1,362,152 \$ (30,019,752) - 2,052,152 5,764,248	\$ 8,496,000 \$ - \$ (6,906,532) (28,430,284) \$ \$ 1,589,468 \$ (28,430,284) - 2,135,468 7,899,716	\$ (1,377,495) (29,807,779) \$ \$ (1,377,495) \$ (29,807,779) \$ \$ (1,377,495) \$ (29,807,779) \$ 382,755 8,282,471	\$ (501,548) (30,309,327) \$ \$ (501,548) \$ (30,309,327) - 139,362 8,421,833
Graduate Tuition Revenue, Gross Scholarships Graduate Tuition Revenue, Net	1,834,000 (1,134,000) 700,000	1,834,000 (1,134,000) 700,000	1,834,000 (1,134,000) 700,000	1,834,000 (1,134,000) 700,000	1,834,000 (1,134,000) - 700,000
Matriculated Student Fees Non-Matriculated Student Fees Total Turtion & Fees	2,035,360 1,120,000 \$ 7,567,456			700,000 2,035,360 1,120,000 \$ - \$ 382,755 \$ 12,137,831	
Contributions Unrestricted Gifts Total Contributions	\$ 3,000,000 \$ 3,000,000	\$ - \$ 2,02,132 \$ 9,019,008 \$ 3,000,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,000,000	\$ - \$ 2,133,408 \$ 11,135,070 \$ 3,000,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,000,000	\$ - \$ 362,755 \$ 12,157,651 \$ 3,000,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,000,000	\$ - \$ 139,302 \$ 12,277,193 \$ 3,000,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,000,000
Auxiliaries Student Housing	\$ 3,230,000	\$ (1,100,000) \$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000
Other Revenue Building Usage Fees Other Revenue Total Other Revenue	\$ 450,000 100,000 \$ 550,000	\$ 450,000 100,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 550,000	\$ 450,000 100,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 550,000	\$ 450,000 100,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 550,000	\$ 450,000 100,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 550,000
Total Revenue, Before Payout	\$ 49,410,423	\$ - \$ 952,152 \$ 50,362,575	\$ - \$ 13,660,468 \$ 64,023,043	\$ - \$ 11,907,755 \$ 75,930,798	\$ - \$ 139,362 \$ 76,070,160

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FY 16 BUDGET AND PROJECTIONS FOR FY 17 THROUGH 20 **EXPENDITURES**

	FY 16	FY 16 FY 17 Projection			FY 18 Projection		FY 19	Projection		FY 20 Projection			
	Budget	Salary Additions Increases (Reductions)	Projection	Salary Increases	Additions (Reductions) Pro	jection		dditions Projection ductions)	Salary Increases	Additions (Reductions)	Projection		
Education & General							110100000 (1101	•		(noudonono)			
School of Art	\$ 4,783,354	\$ - \$ -	\$ 4,783,354	\$-	\$ - \$	4,783,354	\$-\$	- \$ 4,783,354		\$ - 5			
School of Architecture	3,272,775		3,272,775			3,272,775		3,272,775			3,272,775		
School of Engineering	6,574,701		6,574,701			6,574,701		6,574,701			6,574,701		
Humanities & Social Sciences	2,055,207		2,055,207			2,055,207		2,055,207			2,055,207		
Continuing Education and Public Programs	824,316		824,316			824,316		824,316			824,316		
Library	942,107		942,107			942,107		942,107			942,107		
Student Services	1,509,250		1,509,250			1,509,250		1,509,250			1,509,250		
CV Starr	278,308		278,308			278,308		278,308			278,308		
Admissions	2,930,332		2,930,332			2,930,332		2,930,332			2,930,332		
Presidents Office and Trustees	1.321.832		1,321,832			1.321.832		1,321,832			1,321,832		
Facilities	5,569,717		5,569,717			5,569,717		5,569,717			5,569,717		
Finance and Business Affairs	2,345,033		2,345,033			2,345,033		2,345,033			2,345,033		
Development	2.544.625		2,544,625			2,544,625		2,544,625			2,544,625		
Astor Place Holdings	1,203,000	75,000	1,278,000			1,278,000		1,278,000			1,278,000		
Communications	1,328,995		1,328,995			1,328,995		1,328,995			1,328,995		
Information Technology	2,177,750		2,177,750			2,177,750		2,177,750			2,177,750		
Institutional Safety	860.931		860,931			860,931		860,93			860,931		
Salary increases (placeholder)	1.487.701	719.300	2.207.001	740.879		2.947.880	763,105	3,710,985			4,496,983		
Non-personnel increases (2.0% placeholder)	.,,	371.448	371.448		378.877	750,325	,	386,455 1,136,780		394,184	1,530,964		
Benefits	10.530.000	315.900	10,845,900			1.171.277		335.138 11.506.415		345,192	11.851.607		
General Expense	3,046,938	010,000	3,046,938			3,046,938		3,046,938		040,102	3,046,938		
Reserve for expense cuts	0,040,000	(1.500.000)	(1,500,000)			3,000,000)		(3,000,000			(3,000,000)		
Total Education & General	\$ 55.586.872	\$ 719.300 \$ (737.652)		\$ 740.879		5,513,653	\$ 763,105 \$	721.593 \$ 56.998.35	\$ 785.998	\$ 739.376			
Iotal Education & General	φ 55,500,072	φ /18,300 φ (/3/,032)	\$ 55,500,520	φ 140,013	ψ (/35,/40) ψ 5	0,010,000	φ 703,105 φ	721,000 \ 00,000,00	φ 705,990	φ 133,510 .	\$ 50,525,725		
Auxiliaries, Capital & Debt Service													
Student Housing	\$ 1,905,160	\$ (1,032,500)	\$ 872,660		\$	872,660		\$ 872,660			\$ 872,660		
Debt Service	12,922,391	53,069	12,975,460		- 1	2,975,460		3,205,850 16,181,310		2,289,894	18,471,204		
Capital Expenditures	1,500,000		1,500,000			1,500,000		1,500,000			1,500,000		
Total Auxiliaries, Capital & Debt Service	\$ 16,327,551	\$ - \$ (979,431)	\$ 15,348,120	\$ -	\$-\$1	5,348,120	\$-\$	3,205,850 \$ 18,553,970	\$ -	\$ 2,289,894 \$	\$ 20,843,864		
Total Expenditures	\$ 71,914,423	\$ 719,300 \$ (1,717,083)	\$ 70,916,640	\$ 740,879	\$ (795,746) \$ 7	0,861,773	\$ 763,105 \$	3,927,443 \$ 75,552,321	\$ 785,998	\$ 3,029,270	\$ 79,367,589		
Cash Surplus / (Deficit) before payout	\$ (22,504,000)	\$ (719,300) \$ 2,669,235	\$ (20,554,065)	\$ (740,879)	\$ 14,456,214 \$ (6,838,730)	\$ (763,105) \$	7,980,312 \$ 378,477	\$ (785.998)	\$ (2,889,908) \$	\$ (3,297,429)		
Payout from Endowment Investments	2,575,000	φ (/10,000) ψ 2,000,200	2,575,000	φ (140,010)		2,575,000	φ (100,100) ψ	2,575,000		÷ (2,000,000) (2,575,000		
Cash Surplus / (Deficit) net of payout	\$ (19,929,000)	\$ (719,300) \$ 2,669,235	\$ (17,979,065)	\$ (740.879)		4,263,730)	\$ (763,105) \$	7,980,312 \$ 2,953,477		\$ (2,889,908)			
Cush Surplus / (Denot) het of payout	φ (13,323,000)	φ (/18,000) φ 2,008,200	φ (17,373,003)	φ (1+0,019)	<u>φ 17,700,217</u> φ (-,200,700)	φ (103,103) Φ	7,000,012	ψ (100,990)	ψ (2,000,000)			
Net Unrestricted Liquid Net Assets			* 00.440.C.10			4 400 704			-	-	0.050.504		
Balance at Beginning of Year	\$ 49,071,848		\$ 29,142,848			1,163,784		\$ 6,900,054		-	<u>9,853,531</u>		
Balance at End of Year	\$ 29,142,848		\$ 11,163,784		\$	6,900,054		\$ 9,853,53 ²			<u>9,131,103</u>		